

Simple Present - Test 1

A - Setze die richtigen Verbformen ein.

1. Andy _____ the family car.
a) wash
b) washes
c) washs
2. Every morning my mother _____ at 6 o'clock.
a) get up
b) get ups
c) gets up
3. Mr. Black _____ e-mails in the evenings.
a) write
b) writes
c) writs
4. The girls _____ the shopping.
a) dos
b) does
c) do
5. Mandy and Susan _____ films every weekend.
a) watches
b) watch
c) watchs
6. His friend _____ to school.
a) gos
b) go
c) goes
7. Do you _____ milk in your tea?
a) like
b) liks
c) likes
8. _____ I correct?
a) Are
b) Be
c) Am
d) Is
9. It _____ a beautiful day today.
a) am
b) are
c) be
d) is
10. John often _____ handball.
a) play
b) plays
c) playes

B - Welche Sätze/Fragen sind richtig?

1. Welcher Satz steht im Simple Present?
a) He can a bike ride.
b) He can ride a bike.
c) He can rides a bike.
d) He cans ride a bike.
2. Welcher Satz steht im Simple Present?
a) He has read a book.
b) He is reading a book.
c) He read a book.
d) He reads a book.
e) He will read a book.
3. Welcher verneinte Satz steht im Simple Present?
a) He do not reads a book.
b) He does not read a book.
c) He is not reading a book.
d) He not read a book.
4. Welcher verneinte Satz steht im Simple Present?
a) We do'nt work in a bank.
b) We does not work in a bank.
c) We don't work in a bank.

5. Welcher Frage steht im Simple Present?

- a) Do she work in an office?
- b) Do she works in an office?
- c) Does she work in an office?
- d) Work she in an office?
- e) Works she in an office?

6. Welcher Frage steht im Simple Present?

- a) From where do you come?
- b) Where do you come from?
- c) Where does you come from?
- d) Where dos you come from?

7. In welchem Satz ist das Simple Present richtig eingesetzt?

- a) Carol clean the bathroom.
- b) Carol cleans the bathroom.

8. In welchem Satz ist das Simple Present richtig eingesetzt?

- a) Andrew wash the dishes.
- b) Andrew washes the dishes.
- c) Andrew washs the dishes.

C - Bilde Fragen im Simple Present.

- 1. Frank / to read / comics _____
- 2. what / they / to eat / for breakfast _____
- 3. when / his mum / to come / home _____
- 4. to be / Peter / from Austria _____
- 5. Marie and Joe / to like / homework _____
- 6. you / to walk / to school _____
- 7. where / she / to live _____
- 8. why / you / to ride / your bike _____
- 9. how / Linda / to go / to the park _____
- 10. can / Ron / to speak / English _____

D - Verneine die vorgegebenen Sätze.

- 1. Kevin plays basketball. _____
- 2. Steve can make breakfast. _____
- 3. I run to school. _____
- 4. The kite flies into the air. _____
- 5. He is from Spain. _____
- 6. Mr Smith teaches French. _____
- 7. Sandy washes her hair. _____
- 8. The children know the answer. _____
- 9. She sits on a chair. _____
- 10. Anne and Sue carry a box. _____

E - Setze die in Klammern stehenden Verben in die Lücke.

1. Jill _____ two children. (*to have*)
2. The pupils _____ songs in the classroom. (*to sing*)
3. Andy's brother _____ in an office. (*to work*)
4. She _____ my sister. (*to be*)
5. _____ you _____ English? (*to speak*)
6. The boys _____ computer games. (*not/to play*)
7. I often _____ to the cinema. (*to go*)
8. _____ she _____ stamps? (*to collect*)
9. Peter _____ e-mails. (*not/to write*)
10. She _____ to Menorca every summer. (*to fly*)

F - Welche Antworten sind richtig?

1. Welche Verbformen kennzeichnen das Simple Present?

- a) Infinitiv
- b) Infinitiv + -ed
- c) Infinitiv + -ing
- d) Infinitiv + s
- e) have + Infinitiv + -ed

2. Welche Verbformen sind richtig gebildet?

- a) she are
- b) she has
- c) she hase
- d) she is
- e) she plays
- f) she plaies

3. Welche Verbformen sind richtig gebildet?

- a) he flies
- b) he flys
- c) he lives
- d) he livees
- e) he workes
- f) he works

4. Welche Sätze/Fragen stehen im Simple Present?

- a) He's 15.
- b) Do you speak Spanish?
- c) I'm in room 201.
- d) She didn't help her mother.
- e) She doesn't like milk.
- f) We are reading a book.
- g) She drives a car.

5. Was sind typische Signalwörter für das Simple Present?

- a) always
- b) at the moment
- c) every day
- d) now
- e) often
- f) sometimes
- g) yesterday

6. Welche Verben/Hilfsverben können direkt verneint werden?

- a) am
- b) read
- c) can
- d) is
- e) play
- f) are
- g) speak