

Simple Present - Test 2

A - Setze die richtigen Verbformen ein.

1. She might _____ at Gatwick airport.
a) arrive
b) arrives
c) arrivs
2. Anne and Peggy _____ too late.
a) am
b) are
c) be
d) is
3. What time _____ the film begin?
a) do
b) dos
c) does
4. They _____ wear school uniform.
a) don't
b) doesn't
c) don' t
5. The lesson _____ at 8.30.
a) start
b) starts
6. The museum _____ open on Mondays.
a) does nt
b) doesn't
c) don't
d) doesn 't
7. He _____ be at home by 10 o'clock.
a) schould
b) should
8. It _____ rain later.
a) may
b) mays
9. I usually _____ to bed at 11 o'clock.
a) go
b) goes
c) gos
10. Tomorrow _____ Sunday.
a) am
b) are
c) be
d) is

B - Schreibe die Sätze noch einmal und benutze die Kurz- oder Langform, je nachdem was nicht dasteht.

1. He cannot come with us.
2. We're late.
3. She need not come.
4. I'm not Spanish.
5. They are in the attic.
6. She does not like rice.
7. They don't walk to school.
8. He isn't from Peking.
9. That is a pity.
10. You shouldn't eat so much meat.

C - Welche Antworten sind richtig?

1. Was sind typische Signalwörter für das Simple Present?

- a) just
- b) normally
- c) seldom
- d) two weeks ago
- e) usually
- f) yet

2. Welche Verbformen sind richtig gebildet?

- a) she agrees
- b) she annoys
- c) she cries
- d) she hurrys
- e) she kissis
- f) she rushes
- g) she teachs
- h) she worrys

3. Welche Handlungen kennzeichnen das Simple Present?

- a) Handlungen geschehen im Moment des Sprechens
- b) Handlungen haben in der Vergangenheit begonnen und dauern jetzt noch an
- c) Handlungen sind abgeschlossen
- d) Handlungsfolgen
- e) allgemeine Aussagen
- f) feststehende Handlungen (auch Zukunft)
- g) regelmäßige, wiederholte Handlungen

4. Welche Sätze/Fragen stehen im Simple Present?

- a) Are you Greek?
- b) Do you have a brother?
- c) I don't usually have lunch at school.
- d) Martin has been to Montreal.
- e) Peggy was on holiday.
- f) The largest number of people lives in Brooklyn.
- g) We have two cars.

D - Verneine die vorgegebenen Sätze.

1. Dave believes in ghosts. _____
2. We are from Nigeria. _____
3. The phone rings. _____
4. She flies to Sofia every April. _____
5. They hate fish. _____
6. The sun goes around the earth. _____
7. The banks close at 2 o'clock. _____
8. She wants to become a superstar. _____
9. Jane and Sue teach Spanish. _____
10. Anne has lunch at home. _____

E - Bilde Fragen.

1. can / I / to get / you / a glass of water _____
2. may / I / to come in _____
3. you / to speak / any Roman language _____
4. your parents / to wait up for you _____
5. what / can / we / to do / to find / the stolen bike _____
6. who / to help / Roger / in the shop (*Wer hilft Roger im Laden?*)

7. who / to help / Roger / in the shop (*Wem hilft Roger im Laden?*)

8. how / you / to feel _____
9. Pat / not to come / with us _____
10. why / not to clean / you / your shoes _____

F - Setze die in Klammern stehenden Verben in die Lücke.

1. They _____ a nice garden. (*to have*)
2. She _____ to lose weight. (*to try*)
3. Hawaii _____ in the Pacific Ocean. (*to be*)
4. My aunt often _____ queues. (*to jump*)
5. Ally _____ his handwriting. (*can/not/to read*)
6. We sometimes _____ around the shops. (*to look*)
7. I _____ travelling. (*to enjoy*)
8. Water _____ when it _____. (*to expand*) (*to freeze*)
9. David usually _____ French on the telephone. (*to speak*)
10. Stan _____ Pat and Steve _____ rather popular. (*to gather*) (*to be*)

G - Frage nach den unterstrichenen Satzteilen.

1. They usually go on holiday in July. _____
2. Mel works in an office. _____
3. He works 60 hours a week. _____
4. The child plays the trumpet. _____
5. We write to four pen friends. _____
6. I like cycling because it's fun. _____
7. Susan is 25 years old. _____
8. Jerry comes from Leeds. _____
9. Pamela does not like squash. _____
10. Lisa talks about Danny. _____