

if-Sätze - Test - Lösungen

A - Um welchen Typ der if-Sätze handelt es sich?

1. If I find your key, I'll tell you.

- a) Typ I (Bedingung erfüllbar)
- b) Typ II (Bedingung theoretisch erfüllbar)
- c) Typ III (Bedingung nicht mehr erfüllbar)

2. Daniel would have been home on time if the bus had come.

- a) Typ I (Bedingung erfüllbar)
- b) Typ II (Bedingung theoretisch erfüllbar)
- c) Typ III (Bedingung nicht mehr erfüllbar)

3. She would be very happy if her friends came.

- a) Typ I (Bedingung erfüllbar)
- b) Typ II (Bedingung theoretisch erfüllbar)
- c) Typ III (Bedingung nicht mehr erfüllbar)

4. My parents would have bought the house if it had been cheaper.

- a) Typ I (Bedingung erfüllbar)
- b) Typ II (Bedingung theoretisch erfüllbar)
- c) Typ III (Bedingung nicht mehr erfüllbar)

5. If you had done your homework, you could have written a better test.

- a) Typ I (Bedingung erfüllbar)
- b) Typ II (Bedingung theoretisch erfüllbar)
- c) Typ III (Bedingung nicht mehr erfüllbar)

6. If it rains, I'll wear a raincoat.

- a) Typ I (Bedingung erfüllbar)
- b) Typ II (Bedingung theoretisch erfüllbar)
- c) Typ III (Bedingung nicht mehr erfüllbar)

7. If it wasn't so late, I would go shopping.

- a) Typ I (Bedingung erfüllbar)
- b) Typ II (Bedingung theoretisch erfüllbar)
- c) Typ III (Bedingung nicht mehr erfüllbar)

8. If they had driven carefully, they wouldn't have crashed into the other car.

- a) Typ I (Bedingung erfüllbar)
- b) Typ II (Bedingung theoretisch erfüllbar)
- c) Typ III (Bedingung nicht mehr erfüllbar)

9. What would you do if you saw a robber?

- a) Typ I (Bedingung erfüllbar)
- b) Typ II (Bedingung theoretisch erfüllbar)
- c) Typ III (Bedingung nicht mehr erfüllbar)

10. If Lisa had got up earlier, she would not have been late for work.

- a) Typ I (Bedingung erfüllbar)
- b) Typ II (Bedingung theoretisch erfüllbar)
- c) Typ III (Bedingung nicht mehr erfüllbar)

B - Beende die Sätze. Wähle die richtige Wortgruppe aus.

1. If Amy does the washing up,

- a) her brother will clear the table.
- b) her brother would clear the table.
- c) her brother would have cleared the table.

2. If he learned the new words,

- a) he can get a good mark in the test.
- b) he could get a good mark in the test.
- c) he could have got a good mark in the test.

3. I would go to the party

- a) if you come with me.
- b) if you came with me.
- c) if you had come with me.

4. If we had seen the film,

- a) we will not buy the DVD.
- b) we would not buy the DVD.
- c) we would not have bought the DVD.

5. My uncle would stay longer in York

- a) if he has more time.
- b) if he had more time.
- c) if he had had more time.

6. The teacher will not be happy

- a) if we forget our homework again.
- b) if we forgot our homework again.
- c) if we had forgotten our homework again.

7. If I were you,

- a) I will not play hockey.
- b) I would not play hockey.
- c) I would not have played hockey.

8. If you drove from Paris to Lisbon,

- a) which way will you go?
- b) which way would you go?
- c) which way would you have gone?

9. If you wait a minute,

- a) I'll go with you.
- b) I'd go with you.
- c) I'd have gone go with you.

10. You would have slept much better

- a) if you will take your medicine.
- b) if you took your medicine.
- c) if you had taken your medicine.

C - Welche Antworten sind richtig?

1. Welche der folgenden Wörter/Wortgruppen kann man in einen if-Satz Typ I einsetzen?

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| a) <u>play</u> | e) <u>sing</u> |
| b) <u>plays</u> | f) would sing |
| c) played | g) sang |
| d) had played | |

2. Welche der folgenden Wörter/Wortgruppen kann man in einen if-Satz Typ II einsetzen?

- | | |
|------------------|----------------|
| a) play | d) sing |
| b) <u>played</u> | e) <u>sang</u> |
| c) has played | f) had sung |

3. Welche der folgenden Wörter/Wortgruppen kann man in einen if-Satz Typ III einsetzen?

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| a) <u>had played</u> | d) sang |
| b) have played | e) <u>had sung</u> |
| c) has played | f) have sung |

D - Vervollständige die Sätze.

- Typ I: If I study, I will pass the test. auch richtig: 'll pass oder Modalverb + pass
- Typ II: If I studied, I would pass the test. auch richtig: 'd pass oder could pass oder might pass
- Typ III: If I had studied, I would have passed the test. auch richtig: 'd have passed oder could have passed oder might have passed
- Typ I: If the sun shines, we will go swimming. auch richtig: 'll go oder Modalverb + go
- Typ II: If the sun shone, I would go swimming. auch richtig: 'd go oder could go oder might go
- Typ III: If the sun had shone, I would have gone swimming. auch richtig: 'd have gone oder could have gone oder might have gone
- Typ I: They will fly auch richtig: 'll fly oder Modalverb + fly to Canberra if they have more money.
- Typ II: They would fly auch richtig: 'd fly oder could fly oder might fly to Canberra if they had more money.
- Typ III: They would have flown auch richtig: 'd have flown oder could have flown oder might have flown to Canberra if they had had more money.

E - Setze die richtigen Verbformen ein.

1. If the weather had been better, we would have come by bike.
2. If you were older, you could go to the party.
3. If Alice had more money, she would go to Africa.
4. John's mother will have more time for him if he does the washing up.
5. If Steven had taken his camera, he would have taken nice pictures. auch richtig: 'd have taken
oder could have taken oder might have taken
6. They will stay longer in Paris if they find a cheap hotel.
7. If Brian liked horses, he could ride well.
8. If Sarah had not eaten so much junk food, she could have been in the school hockey team. auch
richtig: hadn't eaten
9. He can write good stories if he feels like it.
10. If you listened carefully, you would know about it. auch richtig: 'd know oder could know oder
might know oder should know